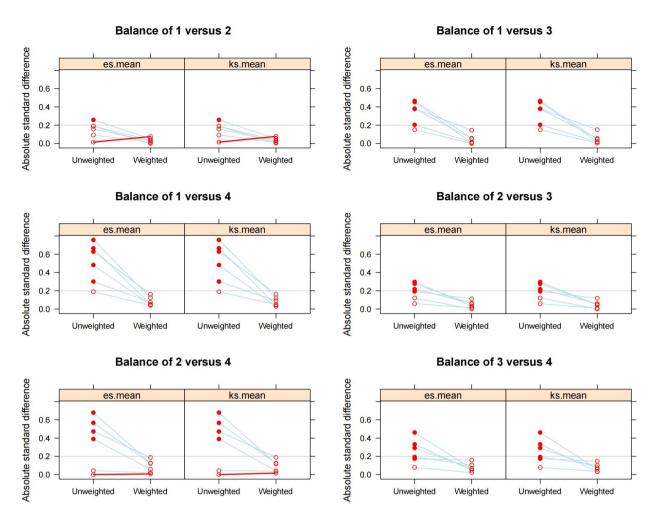
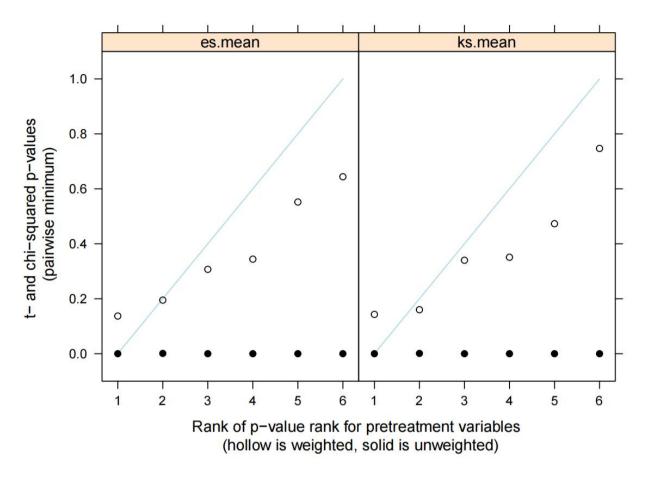
## CONTEXT

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**Fig S1.** Effect size plot for assessing the balance of groups divided according to systemic inflammatory response index quartiles

After weighting, the absolute standardized mean differences among the exposure groups on the covariates decreased.



**Fig S2.** Plot estimating the pairwise minimum *p*-values before and after weighting The Hollow dots were covariates after weighted, and the solid dots were covariates before weighted. The pairwise minimum *p*-values all increased after weighting, which suggested a good balance for covariates in this study.

Table S1. In-hospital complications and definitions

Table 51. In-nospital compleations and definitions		
In-hospital complications	Definitions	
SRGB	No previous history of gastrointestinal ulcer or hemorrhage, presented with	
	hematemesis, red blood or "hemoccult positive coffee grounded" materials	
	in a nasogastric aspirate, or melena.	
Liver dysfunction	Bilirubin concentration >2 mg/dL and coagulation disorders with	
	international normalized ratio > 1.5.	
MACEs	The occurrence of an arrhythmia, myocardial injury, acute heart failure,	
	and cardiac arrest diagnosed by electrocardiogram or echocardiogram. <sup>1</sup>	
DVT	Cross-sectional vein incompressibility, direct thrombus imaging with vein	
	enlargement, and abnormal spectral and color-Doppler flow under venous	
	ultrasound.	
DCI	Occurrence within 4 to 14 days after onset: 1) new cerebral infarction	
	identified on CT or MRI, after exclusion of procedure-related infarctions; 2)	
	focal neurological or cognitive deficits, after exclusion of other potential	
	causes of clinical deterioration. <sup>2</sup>	
POP	Fever, increased white blood cell and C-reactive protein levels, and chest	
	radiograph showed pulmonary infiltrates after surgery, according to the	
	modified Centers for Disease Control and Prevention criteria. <sup>3</sup>	

**Abbreviations:** MACEs, Major adverse cardiac events; DCI, Delayed cerebral ischemia; SRGB, Stress related gastrointestinal bleeding; POP, Postoperative pneumonia; DVT, Deep vein thrombosis.

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